The Global DEI Census 2023

ITALY MARKET REPORT SEPTEMBER 2023























ACKNOWLEDGEMENTS

In total, WFA counted on the support of more than 160 associations operating at global, regional and local level. That makes this effort the single biggest collaboration in the history of the global marketing industry.

The output is in-depth insight into the lived experiences of nearly 13,000 people across our industry, insights that will enable us to drive change.

To all those who partnered with us and to all those who responded to the survey, we are incredibly humbled and grateful.



METHODOLOGY

- INCLUSION INDEX
- 2 DISCRIMINATION IN THE WORKPLACE
 - Age
 - Gender
 - Family status
 - Mental Health

HEADLINES



METHODOLOGY



2023 survey

Online survey commissioned to Kantar and conducted in March-April 2023



Nearly 13,000 respondents giving us detailed insight into people's lived experiences from across our industry globally



Across 91 countries

A broader reach of markets in 2023, making this a truly global census



In-depth analysis into 33 very different markets

Argentina, Brazil, Canada, Finland, Germany, Greece, Hong Kong, SAR, Italy, Ireland, India, Japan, Malaysia, New Zealand, Netherlands, Norway, Pakistan, Philippines, Poland, Portugal, Singapore, Slovenia, South Africa, Spain, Sweden, Switzerland, Turkey, the Gulf Cooperation Council (Bahrain, Kuwait, Oman, Qatar, Saudi Arabia, UAE), and the USA



Covering representation and people's experiences at their companies









Gender

Age

Race & ethnicity

Sexuality







Sense of belonging Experience of negative behaviours Discrimination



Mental health

1.
THE DEI GLOBAL
INCLUSION
INDEX



ABOUT THE INCLUSION INDEX

The Inclusion Index is comprised of three sub-indices created through factor analyses, based on an employee's perception of the environment and their experience at the company.

- SENSE OF BELONGING
- ABSENCE OF DISCRIMINATION
- PRESENCE OF DEMEANING BEHAVIOR

While there are many diversity dimensions to consider, the Inclusion Index is based on these five: gender, ethnicity, sexual orientation, religion and disability*.

THE INCLUSION INDEX SCORE IS THE FOLLOWING FORMULA:



*Note this will vary by market depending on questions asked

INDUSTRY RANKING 2022 (%)		
Personal services (e.g. hairdressing, beauty)	64	
Charity/Not-for-profit	61	
Professional services (e.g. legal, accountancy)	61	
Retail, Wholesale, Ecommerce	60	
Education	58	
Manufacturing	57	
Transportation/Logistics	57	
Travel and Tourism	56	
Public sector (inc. government)	56	
Environmental services	56	
Construction and Property	55	
Financial services (e.g. banking, insurance)	55	
Health, Pharmaceuticals, Care	55	
Utilities	55	

Marketing/PR/Advertisement/ Market research	54
Fashion/Apparel/Textile	53
Hospitality and Food (e.g. restaurants)	52
IT/Technology/ Telecommunications	52
Media (inc. broadcasting)	51
Sport/Fitness	50
Security and Defence	49
Printing and Publishing	47
Other	47
Entertainment	43
Agriculture and Fishing	39

- By using **benchmark data**, we can provide an unbiased perspective on what good looks like and enable development of an actionable roadmap
- In 2022 alone, we have used the data collected to build a vast normative data set that covers over 24 industries. Over 12,000 respondents across 13 countries.
- These norms will evolve alongside society and as more survey responses are added to the data set
- Kantar has proprietary data collected in 13 markets while having done inclusion work in many more market

Below the global average





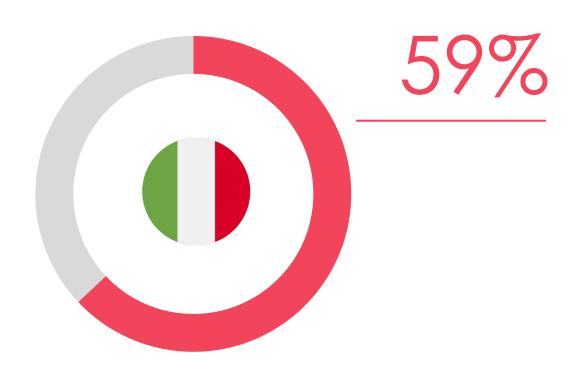


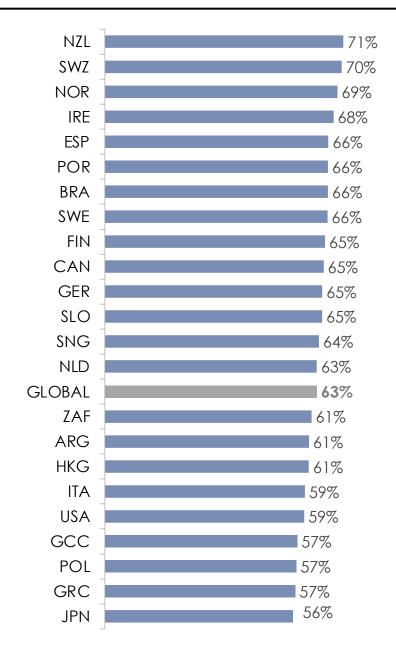






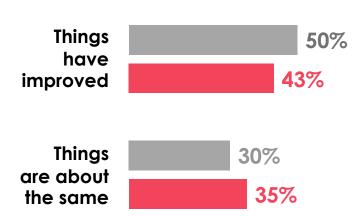
ITALY SCORES BELOW THE GLOBAL INCLUSION INDEX BENCHMARK







In terms of the **industry** becoming more diverse and inclusive in the last 2 years





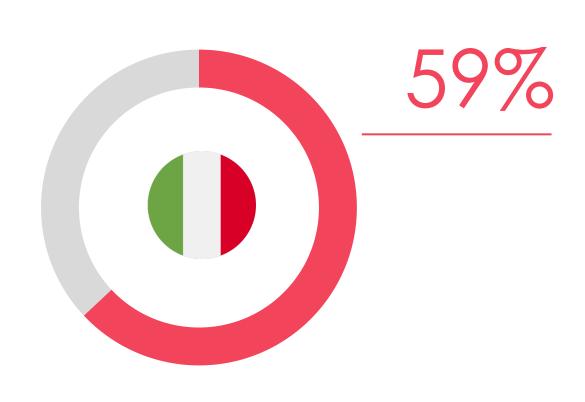








DEI CENSUS INCLUSION INDEX SCORE 2023













SENSE OF BELONGING AT YOUR COMPANY ITALIANS REPORT TO BE LESS SUPPORTED AND MORE DISCRIMINATED



Italy vs Global

Company Sense of Belonging Percent	64%	-5%
I am a valued and essential part of my company - % agree	60%	-11%
I am provided with sufficient support to develop my skills and progress my career - % agree	48%	-9%
Senior management do not discriminate when it comes to hiring or career advancements of those that report into them - % agree	48%	-7%







Italy vs





		Global
Presence of Negative Behavior	21%	+2%
Unfairly spoken over and not listened to in meetings - % yes	35%	+9%
Undervalued compared to colleagues of equal competence - % yes	34%	+5%
Exclusion from events/activities - % yes	19%	+5%











THE MOST COMMON FORMS OF DISCRIMINATION REPORTED ARE STILL AROUND GENDER, AGE AND FAMILY STATUS

Gender



Experience personally or observed discrimination due to gender **WOMEN 21% MEN 8%**

44% of women

believe that gender can hinder one's career at their company vs 13% of men

Age

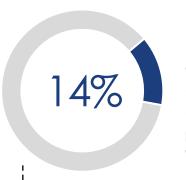


Experience personally or observed discrimination due to their age **WOMEN 15% MEN 10%**

50% of 45-54 yo

believe that age can hinder one's career at their company vs 39% of total respondents

Family responsibilities*



Experience personally or observed discrimination due to their family responsibilities **WOMEN 18% MEN 9%**

54% of parents

believe that family responsibilities can hinder one's career at their company vs 43% of total respondents

GENDER IN ITALY: KEY TAKE OUTS



Sense of belonging at their company is lower among women than men. The gender gap in Italy is higher than the global one

Women report that discrimination exists:

- gender hinders women careers
- trust in the escalation process to senior manager is limited
- claimed pay gap persists

Women report being harassed:

- discomfort is most often reported
- escalation is rarely acted upon
- women fear the escalation process might generate retaliation



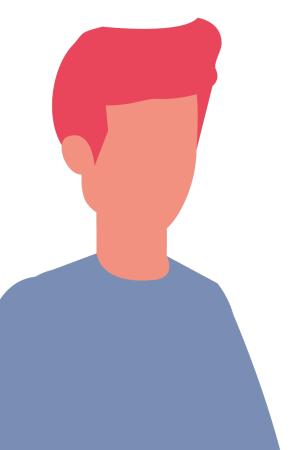








GENDER IN ITALY - SENSE OF BELONGING THERE'S A GAP BETWEEN MEN AND WOMEN





64% of ITALIAN respondents sense they belong at their company, compared to 69% of Global benchmark.



61% of ITALIAN women sense they belong at their company, compared to 67% of men.







Italy vs







SENSE OF BELONGING AT YOUR COMPANY WOMEN REPORT TO BE LESS VALUED AND MORE DISCRIMINATED

		Global	vs men	vs men
Company Sense of Belonging Percent	64%	-5%	-6%	-5%
My unique attributes, characteristics, skills, experience and background are valued in my company - % agree	69%	-1%	-17%	-7%
I am a valued and essential part of my company - % agree	60%	-11%	-9%	-6%
I am provided with sufficient support to develop my skills and progress my career - % agree	48%	-9%	-8%	-4%
Senior management do not discriminate when it comes to hiring or career advancements of those that report into them - % agree	48%	-7%	-16%	-9%









WOMEN REPORT GENDER DISCRIMINATION: IT IS EXPERIENCED, IT CAN HINDER THE CAREER, IT IS CONFIRMED BY SALARY GAP.

AND WOMEN'S TRUST IN THE EFFECTIVENESS OF THE ESCALATION PROCESS IS LIMITED.



8% of women have experienced discrimination personally at their company based on their gender vs 1% of men.



42% of women believe that most colleagues would escalate inappropriate **behaviour** to senior management or HR, compared to 54% of men.



15% of women have **observed discrimination** based on gender towards other at their company vs 7% of men.



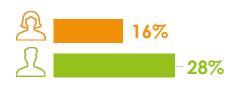
44% of believe that **gender can** hinder one's career at their company vs 13% of men

AVERAGE PAY BY GENDER

Level	% Gap average salary
Exec management/c-suite	-7%
Other senior staff	-5%
Manager	0%
Junior	-2%

Note: these are indicative pay gaps only based on salary bands selected and not on actual salary data

My company provides equal pay for equal work (% agree)







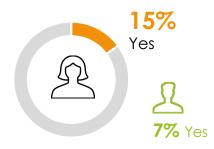
HARASSMENT IS MAINLY REPORTED IN TERMS OF SENSE OF DISTRESS. ESCALATION PROCESS IS SELDOM ACTED UPON, BOTH WHEN THE NEGATIVE BEHAVIOUR IS EXPERIENCED AND OBSERVED

leaders or HR?

Have you experienced in the last 12 months any of the following?



Have you observed negative behaviour or discrimination towards others based on gender?







Yes, and I did raise it

Yes, and I choose not to raise it



WHY NOT?

- I do not trust the process of escalation
- It could have a negative impact on my career
- The person responsible was my manager / a senior leader
- I do not think it was my place to do it

Did you feel confortable in raising it to senior









PRESENCE OF NEGATIVE BEHAVIOUR - WOMEN REPORT TO BE LESS SUPPORTED AND MORE DISCRIMINATED THAN MEN

		Italy vs Global	women vs men	women vs men
Presence of Negative Behavior	21%	+2%	+7%	+4%
Undervalued compared to colleagues of equal competence - % yes	34%	+5%	+19%	+8%
Made to feel uncomfortable in the workplace - % yes	23%	+1%	+12%	+6%
Exclusion from events/activities - % yes	19%	+5%	+8%	+2%













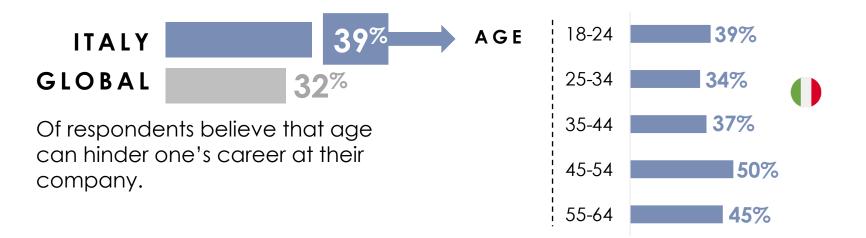
PERCEPTIONS OF AGEISM IN ITALY IS ALIGNED WITH THE GLOBAL BENCHMARK, THOUGH ITS IMPACT ON CAREER IS HIGHER



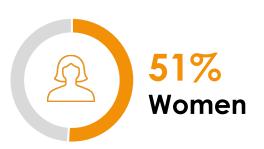
Of respondents have personally experienced discrimination due to their age.



8% of Italian women have personally experienced discrimination due to their age, compared to 2% of men.



FAMILY RESPONSIBILITIES IMPACT CAREERS (IN ITALY MORE THAN ABROAD)



54% **Parents**



51% of Italian women believe that family responsibilities can hinder one's career at their company.

They are 41% at global level.

Of Italian parents with dependent children believe that family responsibilities can hinder one's career.

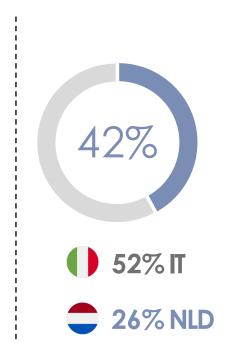
They are 42% at global level.

Of Italian caregivers believe that family responsibilities can hinder one's career at their company.

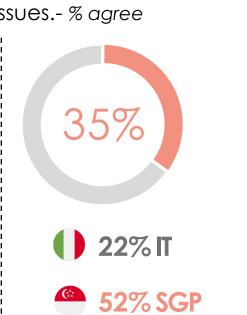
They are 39% at global level.

MENTAL HEALTH IS A FORM OF DISTRESS WHICH IS NOT MANAGED BY COMPANIES. IT IMPACTS PHYSICAL HEALTH

Iam often very stressed at work - %agree



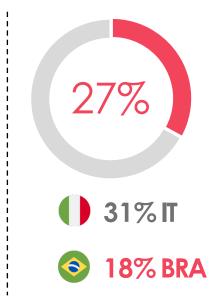
My company has an active policy to minimise the risk of mental health issues.- % agree



My workplace is open about mental health -%agree



My work is having a **negative impact** on my physical health -% agree





HEADLINES

HEADLINES

In an industry that is not very inclusive, Italy emerges as an even less inclusive country.

The drivers of this phenomenon are the modest sense of belonging and the presence of discriminatory behaviors – the situation more critical for women.

The areas in which discrimination manifests itself with greater intensity are gender, age and family status.

There is a non-trivial alert on mental health that is particularly relevant and unmanaged by companies.

DEI INCLUSION INDEX HEADLINES

Italy scores below the global Inclusion Index benchmark (59% vs 63%).

There is wide recognition from respondents that progress is being made, with 72% agreeing that their company is actively taking steps to be more diverse and inclusive.

43% of respondents agree things have improved in terms of the industry becoming more diverse and inclusive in the last 2 years, But the conviction there's still lots to do is widespread.



4. APPENDIX





INDEX QUESTIONS

COMPANY SENSE OF BELONGING

How strongly do you garee or disagree with these statements?

- 1. Strongly disagree
- 2. Disagree
- 3. Neither agree or disagree
- 4. Agree
- 5. Strongly agree
- 99. Prefer not to answer
- I feel like I belong at my company.
- I am a valued and essential part of my direct team.
- I am a valued and essential part of my company.
- I am emotionally and socially supported at work.
- My unique attributes, characteristics, skills, experience and background are valued in my company.
- Employees in my company feel comfortable being themselves.
- Senior managers are fair when it comes to hiring or career advancements of those that report into them.
- I am provided with sufficient support to develop my skills and progress my career.

PRESENCE OF NEGATIVE BEHAVIOUR

Have you experienced any of the following within the last 12 months at your company? Yes/No

- Unfairly spoken over or not listened to in meetings.
- Learning opportunities or progress restricted by senior colleagues.
- Undervalued compared to colleagues of equal competence.
- People taking sole credit for shared efforts.
- Bullied or undermined in any way.
- Physical harassment or violence.
- Exclusion from events or activities.
- Made to feel uncomfortable in the workplace.

ABSENCE OF DISCRIMINATION

At your company, have you personally experienced negative discrimination in the following area? Yes/No

- Age
- Gender
- Family responsibilities
- Race
- Religion
- Disability status
- Sexual orientation
- Appearance
- Social background